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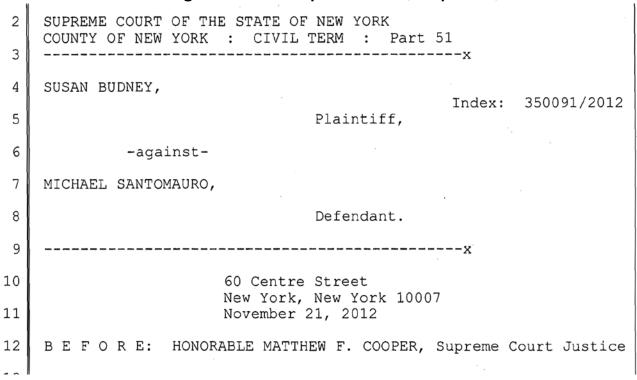
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When a Judge loses his objectivity, then the truism applies:

Everything is religious, everything is political.

Truth is no defence and legal railroading and a witchtrial mentality manifests itself – legal persecution, with which especially "Holocaust" Revisionists are familiar. This is illustrated in the following court transcript selection, so please, read on...



THE COURT: Everyone please be seated. Before I begin talking about the motion, there is a serious matter I need to discuss. I am outraged. I understand that Mr. Santomauro, who believes that the holocaust never existed, he has a right to whatever belief he has. I also understand that anti-Semitism is part of his life, that he

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hates people -- he hates Jews. It's reprehensible. If he wants to believe that, there's not much I could do about that. But that he should send his diatribes to this Court -- I have an e-mail sent to my chambers, to my court, attorney at our court e-mail, ranting about Jews, how they are despicable, using all sorts of venomous terms about them, is absolutely outrageous.

e-mail, is not designed for you to disseminate your language of hate. How dare you send it to a court. I am not your friend. I am not your audience. I am not in a political discussion with you. I am a judge that's deciding your case, and I do not want you using our e-mail to send me things about how the Jews are responsible for September 11th; how the Jews have waged war on the world. How dare you do that. Who gave you the e-mail? Did your attorney give you the e-mail.

MR. SPERBER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Then how did you get the e-mail of my court attorney and send this to me. You do not -- who do you think you are, sir, sending this absolute hate filled, vitriolic, murderous slander to me at this court.

Do you think somehow I'm now going to look and say, "Oh, Mr. Santomauro, he really is on the right side. Yeah, he really should be -- he definitely should be -- he should

Proceedings 1 2 be given custody of his child." 3 You know what, if you can't even control yourself and exercise regular, decent modes of behavior, which most 4 5 -- first of all, you don't communicate with a court in any event. You have no right to send me e-mails. You have even 6 7 less right to send me anti-Semitic slurs. Counsel, what's the story? What is his story? 8 9 What explains getting this e-mail here, polluting my e-mail. Polluting -- it's not my -- this is the court system e-mail, 10 11 to have this garbage on the e-mail. MR. SPERBER: Judge, it will never, never ever be 12 13 sent again. 14 THE COURT: That's not good enough. 15 MR. SPERBER: Judge, I can't --MR. SANTOMAURO: Can I talk? 16 17 MR. SPERBER: No, I don't think you should. 18 THE COURT: If this ever happens again, this man 19 will be prosecuted. 20 MR. SPERBER: Judge, I could only apologize to the 21 Obviously I'm well aware -court. THE COURT: You are going to come now and tell me 22 23 he is the responsible parent. 24 MR. SPERBER: That's not quite what I'm going to I have laid out our position in our papers. 25 say. 26 THE COURT: He can't even follow the basic rules of Michael A. Ranita - Senior Court Reporter

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human decency and court decency.

MR. MANDEL: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Put your appearance on the record, please.

MR. MANDEL: Steven Mandel, The Mandel Law Firm, 370 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, for Susan Budney.

Your Honor, you know, I'm afraid. I have no idea how this man got my e-mail address. I never wrote --

THE COURT: You're afraid. I don't know how he got my e-mail --

MR. SANTOMAURO: I could answer the question and show it --

MR. MANDEL: Excuse me, sir. Please do not interrupt. He knows no boundaries. He knows no limits. He is obviously dangerous. Even though he is wearing his phony glasses in court today to look professorial, this man is dangerous, your Honor.

I sought an order of protection that he should not contact me personally. There is no reason this man should ever contact me. He has counsel. And I will let

Ms. Madeline Jay argue the motion in chief. I'm just responding to what I put into my reply affirmation.

THE COURT: Let me see counsel in the back.

(Whereupon, there is a discussion held off the record in the robing room among the Court and all counsel.)

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THE COURT: We are back on the record. Let me hear the motion.

MS. JAYE: Your Honor, we are here today under very extreme circumstances, probably more extreme than I've ever encountered. My client has been telling me for sometime of her extreme fear and terror of how she repeatedly tells the defendant to stop sending her this material, that now the Court has seen.

She has shown me her e-mails. She keeps saying,
"Please stop," and it doesn't stop. I read about how these
materials went out to everyone on the roommate finder. I
read about how they went out to the PTA, but I didn't
understand completely how invasive it felt until it came to
our office yesterday. And to be honest, I'm actually a
little frightened myself at this point, you Honor. And I
would like to put on the record that I don't want ever to
see anything of the sort coming to my e-mail.

I understand that how she feels that the defendant has no sense of boundaries, no sense of imposing himself, forcing himself, forcing his views on others. I understand how slowly, over a long period of time, she's become completely controlled by having all of her support system turned away from her, to the point that there was nothing left and no one left for her to rely on other than this man. It took an awful lot of strength. She was very, very

Τ.

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frightened about the serving of the divorce papers. She was very frightened as to the violent reaction that would come. We tried our best to be supportive of her. I understand now, completely, why she was so frightened. She has been living in fear in her one room office. She has been trying her best to --

THE COURT: All right. So the situation -- there's two apartments in the building.

MS. JAYE: Yes.

THE COURT: She has a psychotherapy practice on the ground floor.

MS. JAYE: Correct.

THE COURT: And it's a studio apartment?

MS. JAYE: It is a studio apartment, but it's been over -- over the years turned into an office. So there isn't actually even a working shower in it at the moment.

THE COURT: So there is a two-bedroom apartment on another floor.

MS. JAYE: The marital residence right upstairs where the child has his own room, all his belongings, although he is surrounded by defendant's matter, um, what I would call very objectionable material.

THE COURT: So that the end result is the child cannot stay with the mother over night because the mother is in the one -- the studio apartment; is that correct?

1	Proceedings
2	MR. SANTOMAURO: That wasn't the heading.
3	THE COURT: That was a big favor you did me.
4	MR. SANTOMAURO: That wasn't the heading.
5	THE COURT: That was a big favor you did me.
6	MR. SANTOMAURO: No, actually, it was the opposite
7	of that. It was the "F Arabs" in the essay.
8	MS. SCHPOONT: Oh, that's better.
9	MS. JAYE: Oh, that's better.
10	MR. MANDEL: That's better.
11	THE COURT: Oh, that's better. Well, in that
12	case
13	MR. SANTOMAURO: I realize you are a doctor of
14	society. A lawyer is a trained doctor of society. I
15	thought I was doing the plaintiff a favor by expediting this
16	trial, because it was a partial essay instead of a full
17	essay.
18	THE COURT: You have a lawyer. How dare you send
19	me
20	MR. SANTOMAURO: I apologize to the court.
21	THE COURT: that garbage.
22	MR. SANTOMAURO: And I apologize to you personally.
23	THE COURT: Not good enough.
24	MR. SANTOMAURO: But I'm trying to explain to you
25	why I was first of all, this is the first time I ever got
26	any kind of e-mail correspondence by a lawyer by e-mail.

Proceedings I've never dealt with --

THE COURT: So you are telling me Mr. Sperber sent you something with my e-mail on it?

Mr. Sperber, I want to find out if that's the case. That's what your client's telling me.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I have --

MR. SPERBER: I do not believe he knows my e-mail.

THE COURT: Then he is either lying or you are not telling me the truth.

MR. SPERBER: Judge, I'm not lying to this court.

THE COURT: I wouldn't think you would.

MR. SPERBER: I'm not lying to this court.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I could show you what I have.

MR. SPERBER: Judge, I have no idea if my secretary, who has been with me 17 years, would have possibly sent him something -- I have no idea.

I could tell you, Judge, me or any other -- there is one other lawyer in my firm. I could tell you we didn't send anything with this court's e-mail address. I don't even have it in my database. I do have the court's rules, which I took --

MR. MANDEL: Your Honor --

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ SANTOMAURO: I only sent you one e-mail. You said I sent you two.

MR. MANDEL: You Honor, I may say that I also never

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sent the defendant my e-mail address. I have no idea how he got my e-mail.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I have it on my lap top with me. I could show it to you right now.

MR. MANDEL: That I sent you something.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I don't know who sent it to me, but I have everybody's e-mail address.

THE COURT: I don't want your garbage.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I'm not lying.

THE COURT: Don't you send that to me.

MR. SANTOMAURO: I apologize again, your Honor.

THE COURT: Go on.

MR. SPERBER: Judge, I apologize. Obviously, without breaching privilege, I could assure this court, if I have any control, there won't be any e-mails ever sent again, and again, without breaching privilege, you could imagine the conversations that were had last night when I learned that there were e-mails sent.

I'm well aware of the protocols of this court, and they have been explained to my client. Again, to the extent I have any control, there will be no more e-mails.

THE COURT: But my concern is though, how is it that I'm now if -- that if I issue various rules on how the parties are to conduct themselves with regard to the child, that he is going to ignore them. He showed me he has zero

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ability to follow the regular rules of society, and that's what concerns me.

MR. SPERBER: Well, I've explained, Judge, he was unaware that it was inappropriate to e-mail --

THE COURT: I never had anybody else -- sir, you are college educated, correct?

MR. SANTOMAURO: High school educated.

THE COURT: All right. You managed -- you made a million and a half dollars somewhere along the line, right?

MR. SANTOMAURO: Well, one point two million, but I don't know how it came out to one and a half. I have the liabilities. It's one point two.

THE COURT: You managed, you ran a career, but you don't understand the normal operating rules of courts, that a judge might not want to hear about --

MR. SANTOMAURO: Well, my attorney did yell and scream at me.

THE COURT: -- how the Jews --

MR. SANTOMAURO: My attorney --

THE COURT: -- are the --

MR. SANTOMAURO: -- did scream and yell at me and he. And I thought I was trying to be more efficient on the part of the court system. He told me that that's not what I should be doing. I should just explain -- I mean do what he tells me to do.

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THE COURT: Did you tell your child about all this stuff?

MR. SANTOMAURO: No.

MR. MANDEL: What about sending it to everybody in the child's school and how that has effected this child.

MR. SANTOMAURO: This was two years ago.

MR. MANDEL: That can not be --

MR. SANTOMAURO: That was an open list. It was reported in the New York Times. The cover of my book was also in the Néw York times. They didn't find it politically offensive.

The fact of the matter, it was an open group list, as I even stated it was, and the PTA never sent an open list in the history of the school, and I thought I was responding to a group list that I belonged to. There are group lists that are --

THE COURT: I'm sure your son's fellow students' parents were delighted to learn --

MR. SANTOMAURO: Not all.

THE COURT: -- about your beliefs --

MR. SANTOMAURO: Not all.

THE COURT: -- that the holocaust didn't exist --

MR. SANTOMAURO: Not all, but some were supportive.

THE COURT: -- and that Jews are the cause of all

the --

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MR. SANTOMAURO: No, no. By the way, no --

THE COURT REPORTER: Please, you can't talk over the Judge when he is speaking.

THE COURT: -- wrong in the world.

MR. SANTOMAURO: No, I never said that.

THE COURT: It's a real good position --

MR. SANTOMAURO: I never said that.

THE COURT: -- to take in the Upper West side.

Mr. Sperber, let's go --

MR. SANTOMAURO: It's the Upper East side, by the way.

THE COURT: Oh, well that makes a difference now.

MR. SANTOMAURO: First of all, I've never said Jewish conspiracy. I've been on talk shows where I contested with people that there is no Jewish conspiracy because it's too sloppy to be a conspiracy.

The organizations have an agenda and they are honest about it. Everything that every Jewish organization in this country does is legal, and they are honest about their agenda and their mandates. I've never, ever accused them of --

THE COURT: Is that agenda to dilute the Arian race?

MR. SANTOMAURO: No. I'm saying there is no conspiracy because there was honesty in the Jewish

21 Proceedings 1 2 intellectual community. 3 MR. MANDEL: And what the about the fact that the people who died on 9/11 deserved to die. 4 5 MR. SANTOMAURO: I never said that. They are part of the problem. 6 MS. JAYE: 7 The impact it had on the child that he MR. MANDEL: could not be in a regular class -- the school had to make a 8 9 special accommodation and it created a class solely for this 10 child, where parents had to agree to let their child be with "Nazi boy." 11 12 MR. SANTOMAURO: No, no, no. 13 MR. SPERBER: Your Honor, is this oral argument 14 or --15 THE COURT: This is, and you know what, the problem is, though, your client opened this up by sending me this. 16 It's one thing -- I would have kept it on a -- I would have 17 18 in a different place. And Mr. Mandel is right. The first 1.9 page of it talks about how the people -- half the people who 20 died on September 11th --21 That's not --MR. SANTOMAURO: 22 THE COURT: -- deserved to die. 23 MR. SANTOMAURO: That's not the first page. 24 THE COURT: It's the second page. 25 MR. SANTOMAURO: Mr. Mandel is taking a part of it.

Michael A. Ranita - Senior Court Reporter

First of all --

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THE COURT: I'm doing what you sent me.

MR. SANTOMAURO: Right. It's the whole -- it's the whole essay explaining what I'm saying. I'm not blaming anybody. I'm blaming us as Americans, Americans. I'm not blaming one ethnic group.

THE COURT: Go on.

MR. SPERBER: Your Honor, what I think is missing from this whole discussion is, and I addressed it in my papers is, what you are hearing here today is not recent history as it relates to my clients. In fact, it's not recent history as it related to either one of these parties.

As I've laid out in great detail, while everybody in this room may find detestful that which my client espouses at times, the plaintiff in this case is a licensed psychologist has been by his side since before they were married.

His views, his postings, his ideas, his concepts have existed since before -- since their first date. And I don't quite understand why it is that the plaintiff, after having walked hand and hand, side by side with my client for all these years, now all of a sudden feels she could get a free pass.

As I said in my papers, while I understand if the Court may detest some of the concepts and ideas of my client, I do as well. It shouldn't come as a surprise to

Proceedings 1 2 anyone. The idea is that he would send -- that 3 THE COURT: his rants, his writings to me, that he would send it to the 4 Is that done somehow to intimidate me? That's 5 court. 6 what --MR. SANTOMAURO: Intimidate? Absolutely the 7 opposite. I was trying to expedite the case. 8 MS. JAYE: Educate. 9 10 THE COURT: To educate. 11 MR. SANTOMAURO: No. THE COURT: To say I don't want a Jew to decide 12 13 this case; is that what this is all about? MR. SANTOMAURO: No, actually -- first of all. 14 THE COURT: Is that what it is all about? 15 16 MR. SANTOMAURO: By the way --17 THE COURT: It has nothing --18 MR. SANTOMAURO: -- I never knew, by your last 19 name, I never knew you were Jewish. 20

THE COURT: We wouldn't be having the conversation today if this hadn't been sent yesterday.

Go on, Counsel.

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MR. SPERBER: All of that having been said, Judge, there are governing laws which deal with the issue of exclusive occupancy. There's a two-prong standard. One is a standard when one party has established an alternate

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been an alternate residence established. And that being plaintiff in the downstairs apartment and my client in the upstairs apartment.

Judge, I do, in my heart, know that given your Honor's background and temperament, you are able to put aside, just as I am as an advocate, given my background as a Legal Aid lawyer 20 plus years ago, we are able to put aside our emotions and think and act like lawyers. And I know that you Honor is able it to do that. I know it's difficult, but I would ask your Honor --

THE COURT: Let me be clear. Although I raised my voice and expressed outrage, there's not emotion involved. Again, the issue is that there would be such a breach of decent protocol to subject the Court to this. There is no excuse -- actually, even if Mr. Santomauro is a writer, is a businessman, to think that he could send materials to the court without consulting with you, without consulting -- having you check with the court, shows an immense lapse of judgment. That's what concerns me.

MR. SPERBER: I'm not going to argue with, your Honor. All I could say is there will not be a repetition. Again, to the extent that I have any control, I understand that, but I do believe --

THE COURT: I don't have a sign up hear saying, please be advised, no litigant should send hate-filled

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vitriolic e-mails to the court. Which -- I don't want to have to add that to my court rules. I think it stands to reason.

And if I would take away the hate-filled vitriol, I don't think I've ever had a litigant e-mail me material.

This is my court attorney's e-mail. This is for special purposes only, not for access by litigants.

MR. SPERBER: I understand that, Judge, but I most respectfully suggest that it has nothing to do with the issues that are before the Court. I understand that's difficult to argue.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Sperber.

MR. SPERBER: Thank you, you Honor.

THE COURT: Let me hear from Ms. Schpoont.

MS. SCHPOONT: Judge, I did get a chance to meet with my client and both the parents at the marital home and at the mother's office/residence on Monday. And I just, you know, I don't want the court to forget that we have an innocent, ten-year old child in the middle of this. A boy who, despite all the problems in this family, is bright, sensitive, very verbal, and, you know, delightful to talk to. I am pleased that he is turning out this way.

Unfortunately, though, I think that the problems between the parents will affect him as he gets older.

One of the things that I didn't mention in chambers



THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

SOUTHERN DISTRICT of NEW YORK

Former Holocaust Claims Conference Director Sentenced To Eight Years In Prison For \$57.3 Million Fraud On Organization That Makes Reparations To Victims Of Nazi Persecution

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE, Monday, November 4, 2013

Preet Bharara, the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, announced that SEMEN DOMNITSER was sentenced today in Manhattan federal court to eight years in prison for his participation in a \$57 million fraud scheme that targeted programs administered by the Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany, Inc. (the "Claims Conference"), and that were established to aid the survivors of Nazi persecution. DOMNITSER, a former employee of the Claims Conference who served as the Director of the relevant programs from 1999 to 2010, was convicted on May 8, 2013 of one count of conspiracy to commit mail fraud and one count of mail fraud, following a four-week trial. He was sentenced today by U.S. District Judge Thomas P. Griesa.

Manhattan U.S. Attorney Preet Bharara said: "As the highest ranking insider to participate in this despicable fraud against the Holocaust Claims Conference, Mr. Domnitser played an integral role in the scheme by processing fraudulent applications to the Conference and turning a profit of thousands of dollars for himself. With today's sentence, he will be held to account for victimizing Holocaust survivors by diverting funds meant to help them to his own pocket and contributing to this \$57 million scheme."

According to the Superseding Indictment, other documents filed in Manhattan federal court, the evidence presented at trial, and statements made during court proceedings:

The Claims Conference, a not-for-profit organization that provides assistance to victims of Nazi persecution, supervises and administers several funds that make reparation payments to victims of the Nazis, including "the Hardship Fund" and "the Article 2 Fund," both of which are funded by the German government. Applications for disbursements through these funds are processed by employees of the Claims Conference's office in Manhattan, New York, and the employees are supposed to confirm that the applicants meet the specific criteria for payments under the funds.

As part of the charged scheme, a network of individuals systematically defrauded the Article 2 Fund and Hardship Fund programs for over a decade. The Claims Conference first suspected the fraud in November 2009, and immediately reported their suspicions to law enforcement, which conducted a wide-reaching investigation.

The Hardship Fund pays a one-time payment of approximately \$3,500 to victims of Nazi persecution who evacuated the cities in which they lived and were forced to become refugees. Members of the conspiracy submitted fraudulent applications for people who were not eligible. Many of the recipients of fraudulent funds were born after World War II, and at least one person was not even Jewish. Some members of the conspiracy recruited other individuals to provide identification documents, such as passports and birth certificates, which were then fraudulently altered and submitted to corrupt insiders at the Claims Conference, who then processed those applications. When the applicants received their compensation

checks, they kept a portion of the money and passed the rest back up the chain, to their recruiters and others involved in the scheme.

From the investigation to date, the Claims Conference has determined that at least 3,839 Hardship Fund applications appear to be fraudulent. These applications resulted in a loss to the Hardship Fund of approximately \$12.3 million.

The Article 2 Fund makes monthly payments of approximately \$400 to survivors of Nazi persecution who make less than \$16,000 per year, and either lived in hiding or under a false identity for at least 18 months; lived in a Jewish ghetto for 18 months; or were incarcerated for six months in a concentration camp or a forced labor camp. The fraud involved doctored identification documents in which the applicant's date and place of birth had been changed. The fraud also involved more sophisticated deception, including altering documents that the Claims Conference obtained from outside sources to verify a person's persecution by the Nazis. Some of the detailed descriptions of persecution in the fraudulent Article 2 Fund applications were completely fabricated.

From the investigation to date, the Claims Conference has determined that at least 1,112 Article 2 Fund cases it processed have been determined to be fraudulent. Those cases have resulted in a loss to the Claims Conference of approximately \$45 million.

DOMNITSER was an Article 2 Fund caseworker from 1994 until 1999, and as a caseworker, helped process fraudulent applications. In 1999, DOMNITSER became the Director of both the Article 2 Fund and the Hardship Fund, and continued to serve in that role until his termination in February 2010. As Director, DOMNITSER approved fraudulent applications and received thousands of dollars in payments — typically in the form of money orders — from applicants who had received money from the funds to which they were not entitled.

In addition to his prison term, DOMNITSER, 55, of Brooklyn, New York, was sentenced to three years of supervised release. He was also ordered to forfeit \$59,230 and pay restitution in the amount of \$57.3 million.

Since 2010, a total of 31 individuals have been charged with participating in the scheme to defraud the Article 2 Fund and Hardship Fund programs. Twenty-eight defendants pled guilty and three—DOMNITSER, Luba Kramrish, and Oksana Romalis—were convicted after trial. Kramrish was sentenced by Judge Griesa on September 20, 2013, to 37 months in prison, and Romalis is scheduled to be sentenced before Judge Griesa on November 26, 2013, at 11:00 a.m.

Mr. Bharara praised the investigative work of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"). He also thanked the Claims Conference for bringing this matter to the FBI's attention and for its continued cooperation.

This case is being handled by the Office's Complex Frauds Unit. Assistant U.S. Attorney Christopher D. Frey and Special

13-332

'Nazi magazine' is shut down after Holocaust rewriting accusations

GERMAN publisher Bauer Media admitted defeat last night over one of its magazines accused of rewriting the Holocaust.

By: John Chapman, Saturday, September 14, 2013





Der Landser admits defeat

Bowing to international pressure, it announced it would stop publication of Second World War title *Der Landser – The Squaddie. The magazine was dubbed the unofficial organ of neo-Nazis for articles that ignore war atrocities*

The Simon Wiesenthal Centre has accused the weekly of making the Third Reich acceptable to a new generation of Germans.

Jewish leaders were appalled that the magazine even peddled tributes to the brutal Waffen-SS. Berlin-based Global Jewish Advocacy issued a warning after Bauer's takeover of British station Absolute Radio.

The campaign group's director Deidre Berger said: "They encourage young people to have an affinity with World War Two. They are glorifying it and leaving out any mention of Germany's role in the Holocaust."

Lords Janner and Palmer also complained and Ofcom then contacted the German media regulator. Bauer's UK arm publishes *FHM, Mother & Baby* and *Classic Car Weekly* and runs two more radio stations, *Magic* and *Kiss.* Lawyer Bruce Fireman called on Ofcom to cancel its broadcasting licence.

Last night, Bauer insisted it had been legal saying a German lawyer "concludes that *Der Landser* complies fully with the stringent legislation in Germany and neither glorifies nor trivialises National Socialism." But its statement then admitted it "has decided to cease publishing the series".

Related articles

30 face Nazi death camp charges
German leader at SS massacre site
http://www.express.co.uk/news/world/429300/Nazimagazine-is-shut-down-after-Holocaust-rewritingaccusations

[Notice how the above-named Jews delight in intimidating Germans not to come to terms with their history in a healthy and honest way but rather seek to imbue them with a pathological guilt-complex that is pure German self-hatred in the form of the historical lie that is HOLOCSAUST-SHOAH! – ed. AI.]

'Hitler was no monster':

Nazi dictator's bodyguard defiant to the end as he dies aged 96

The last of Adolf Hitler's loyal bodyguards, who witnessed the Nazi dictator's final hours, has died aged 96.

By: Owen Bennett, Friday, September 6, 2013

SS Staff Sgt. Rochus Misch accompanied the Fuhrer from 1940 until his demise in 1945, and witnessed the immediate aftermath of the dictator's suicide.

The loyal SS officer remained in what he called the "coffin of concrete" for days after Hitler's death, finally escaping as Berlin crumbled around him and the Soviets swarmed the city. Misch remained proud of his relationship with Hitler in his latter days, still referring to him as "boss".

In a 2005 interview with The Associated Press, Misch said: "He was no brute. He was no monster. He was no superman."

In his interview with the AP, he stayed away from the central questions of guilt and responsibility, saying he knew nothing of the murder of 6 million Jews and that Hitler never brought up the Final Solution in his presence.

"That was never a topic," he said emphatically. "Never."

He appeared to have little empathy for those he did not directly know, and even for some he did.

Misch was moved nearly to tears when talking about Joseph and Magda Goebbels' decision to kill their six children in the Berlin bunker before committing suicide themselves.

But he was also able to guffaw about a family friend, "a real lefty," being thrown into the Sachsenhausen concentration camp outside Berlin and noting upon his release that "the paper shirts (at the camp) were uncomfortable."

Born July 29, 1917, in the tiny Silesian town of Alt Schalkowitz, in what today is Poland, Misch was orphaned at an early age.



Hitler's bodyguard Rochus Misch poses at his home in Berlin in 2005 [AP]



Rochus Misch points on a picture of Adolf Hitler he had taken in Berchtesgarden, south Germany [AP]

Against the backdrop of the Russian revolution and the rise of Stalin, combined with the post-World War I popularity of the Communist Party in Germany, Misch said he decided at 20 to join the SS - an organisation he saw as a counterweight to the threat from the left.

He signed up for the Leibstandarte SS Adolf Hitler, a Berlinbased unit that originally was founded as the Fuuhrer's personal bodyguard.

"It was anti-communist, against Stalin - to protect Europe," Misch said, noting that thousands of other Western Europeans served in the Waffen SS. "I signed up in the war against Bolshevism, not for Adolf Hitler."

But when Hitler's armies invaded Poland on Sept. 1, 1939, Misch found himself in the vanguard when his SS division was attached to a regular army unit for the blitzkrieg attack.

As German forces quickly closed in on Warsaw, Misch, who spoke some Polish, was sent with a party to negotiate the surrender of a fortress and was told by the troops inside that they needed time to think about the offer.

"As we were walking away they opened fire," Misch said at his home in Berlin. "A bullet came through here and right out, two centimetres from my heart."

After his evacuation to Germany and convalescence, he was appointed in May 1940 to serve as one of two SS men who would serve as Hitler's bodyguards and general assistants, doing everything from answering the telephones to greeting dignitaries - and once running flowers to one of the Fuhrer's favourite musicians who had just gotten engaged.

Misch and SS comrade Johannes Hentschel accompanied Hitler almost everywhere he went, including his Alpine retreat in Berchtesgaden and his forward "Wolf's Lair" headquarters.

He lived between Hitler's apartments in the New Reich Chancellery and the home in a working-class Berlin neighbourhood that he kept until his death.

"He was a wonderful boss," Misch said. "I lived with him for five years. We were the closest people who worked with him \dots we were always there. Hitler was never without us day and night."



Rochus Misch was Adolf Hitler's bodyguard for five years [PA]

Hitler was no brute. He was no monster. He was no superman. SS Staff Sqt. Rochus Misch

In the last eight to 10 days of Hitler's life, Misch followed him to live underground, protected by the so-called Fuhrerbunker's heavily reinforced concrete ceilings and walls.

"Hentschel ran the lights, air and water and I did the telephones - there was nobody else," he said.

"When someone would come downstairs we couldn't even offer them a place to sit. It was far too small - little cells of 10 or 12 square meters. It was no bunker to live in. It was an air-raid bunker."



A russian soldier sitting on the bed where Hitler shot himself – GETTY

After the Soviet assault began, Misch remembered generals and Nazi brass coming and going as they tried desperately to cobble together a defence of the capital with the ragtag remains of the German military.

He remembered that on April 22, two days before two Soviet armies completed their encirclement of the city, Hitler said, "That's it. The war is lost. Everybody can go."

"Everyone except those who still had jobs to do like us - we had to stay," Misch said. "The lights, water, telephone ... those had to be kept going, but everybody else was allowed to go and almost all were gone immediately."

But that same day, Hitler clung to hope given by what turned out to be a false report that the Western Allies had called upon Germany to hold Berlin for two more weeks against the Soviets so that they could battle communism together. "He still believed in a union between West and East," Misch said. "Hitler liked England - except for Churchill - and didn't think that a people like the English would bind themselves with the communists to crush Germany."



Eva Braun married Hitler hours before carrying out their suicide pact - GETTY.

On April 28, Misch saw the familiar figures of Propaganda Minister Joseph Goebbels and Hitler confidant Martin Bormann enter the bunker with a man he had never seen before.

"I asked who it was, and they said that's the civil magistrate who has come to perform Hitler's marriage," Misch said.

That night, Hitler and longtime mistress Eva Braun were married in a short ceremony in which they both pledged they were of pure Aryan descent before taking their vows and signing a registry book.

Two days later, Misch saw Goebbels and Bormann again, this time talking with Hitler and his adjutant, SS Maj. Otto Guensche, in the bunker's corridor outside the telephone operator's room.

"I saw him go into his room ... and someone, Guensche, said that he shouldn't be disturbed. And that meant 'Now it's happening," Misch said. "We all knew that it was happening. He said he wasn't going to leave Berlin, he would stay here."

"We heard no shot, we heard nothing, but one of those who was in the hallway, I don't remember if it was Guensche or Bormann, said 'Linge, Linge, I think it's done," Misch said, referring to Hitler's valet Heinz Linge.

"Then everything was really quiet, everything was still ... who opened the door I don't remember, Guensche or Linge. They opened the door, and I naturally looked, and then there was a short pause and the second door was opened... and I saw Hitler lying on the table like so," Misch said, putting his head down on his hands on his living-room table.

"And Eva lay like so on the sofa with knees up, her head to him. I don't remember now if Hitler sat on the sofa or on a chair next to it." Eva Braun had died of poisoning and Hitler had shot himself.

The silence and anticipation then gave way to chaos, when Misch ran up to the chancellery to tell his superior the news and then back downstairs, where Hitler's corpse had been put on the floor with a blanket over it.

"Then they bundled Hitler up and said 'What do we do now?" Misch said. "As they took Hitler out ... they walked by me about three or four meters away, I saw his shoes sticking outside the sack."

After the bodies were carried outside, an SS guard ran down the stairs and tried to get Misch to join the spectacle outside as the two were covered in gasoline and set alight.

"He said 'The boss is being burned. Come on out,"' Misch recalled. But instead Misch hastily retreated deeper into the bunker to talk with comrade Hentschel.

"I said 'Do you think we're going to be killed?' and he said 'Why do you think that?"' Misch said. "I said 'I saw the Gestapo upstairs in the ... chancellery and it could be that they'll want to kill us as witnesses."'

But Misch stuck to his post - taking and directing telephone calls with Goebbels as his new boss until May 2, when he was given permission to flee.

"Everybody was upstairs in the ... chancellery, there were things to eat and drink there, downstairs in the bunker there was nothing. It was a coffin of concrete," he said. "Then Goebbels finally came down and said, 'You have a chance to live. You don't have to stay here and die."

Misch grabbed the rucksack he had packed and fled with a few others into the rubble of Berlin. Working his way through cellars and subways, Misch bumped into a large group of civilians seeking shelter in one tunnel.

"Two were playing music," he said, remembering how incongruous the scene seemed to him. "I came out of the death bunker of concrete, and here were two people playing music on guitar."

Misch later heard German voices above through an air ventilation shaft and climbed up to try his luck. But the voices came from about 300 soldiers who had been taken prisoner, and the Soviet guards grabbed him as well.

Following the German surrender May 7, Misch was taken to the Soviet Union, where he spent the next nine years in prisoner of war camps before being allowed to return to Berlin in 1954. He reunited with his wife Gerda, whom he had married in 1942 and who died in 1997, and opened up a shop.

Misch continued to receive "fan mail" into his old age, and he sent autographed photographs of himself in full SS uniform outside the Wolf's Lair to those who wrote to him.

He also still flicked through a photo album he had with pictures of his infamous boss.

"Here is Hitler - my boss - Eva, a friend of Eva ...," he said. "Very normal. Not like what is written," he said.

He turned the page to photos of Braun in the idyllic setting of the Berghof, Hitler's Bavarian mountain residence, and lit up as he remembered a moment from those days.

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Overpromised, underdelivered - Jim Stone's much anticipated 'Hitler Report'



THE REBEL SPEAKS UP:

Overpromised, underdelivered -Jim Stone's much anticipated 'Hitler Report'



Followers of the recent Andrew MacGregor/Jim Stone controversy might remember my comment that Jim Stone was only engaging in the popular 'dog versus tail' game and does not question the Zionist entity where it really hurts, the veracity of the official narrative of the so-called 'Jewish Holocaust'. Jim Stone countered by referring to a remark he once made on his site and quoting the official Jewish Almanach population and post-war numbers, proving that the Jewish loss claims must be grossly inflated. I had never noticed that remark, in spite of being an avid reader and republisher of his articles for many months, and suspected that this has something to do with the structure of Jim Stone's site, or lack thereof.

Jim Stone went even further in his rebuttal and announced a 'Hitler Report'. This sounded extremely promising, because of the similarity of the title with the very substantial 'Fukushima Report' Jim Stone has published on his site. If - as Andrew MacGregor suggested in his articles - Jim Stone was still working for the US government he would never write such a substantial Holocaust revisionist analysis. They just wouldn't go that far, especially with someone as prominent as Jim

After a couple of weeks of making noises about threatening upcoming revelations, the report finally released yesterday. However, it wasn't anything like I had hoped for. To say I was bittlerly disappointed would he understatement.

Jim Stone repeatedly mentioned American post-war history books, describing them in words that create the impression that he believed American history books

only started lying after Elie Wiesel and Abe Foxman started editing them. He made no references tens whatsoever to the thousands of pages of evidence Holocaust revisionists such as Arthur Butz. Robert Faurisson. Germar Rudolf, Carlo Mattogno and Jürgen Graf have written, under enormous personal sacrifices, proving the extermination claims wrong. All he bothered to say was that "Hitler had no intention of starving, killing, or exterminating the people held in the detention centers, he intended to work them as slaves to support the war effort. This is easily proven by the fact that rather than receive a bullet to the head when found, they were loaded onto trains and taken to the camps.", followed by paragraph after paragraph of whining over the supposedly appalling conditions in the camps.

In reality though, the living conditions were no worse than those of any other early 20th century prison. Quite the contrary is true. How many American, British or French prisons of the era had swimming pools, movie theatres, orchestras, even brothels? Not for for prison guards, prisoners?! If Jim Stone had studied any of the revisionist materials he would know better than making claims about bad conditions. The conditions only got bad towards the end as a result of the Allied terror bombing, which destroyed 99% of the German civilian infrastructure, clearly а war crime unprecedented and unsurpassed magnitude, making it impossible for the German authorities to get sufficient supplies to the camps.

As evidence of 'treating the detained like garbage', Jim Stone describes the prisoner quarters. I wonder whether he has ever seen pictures of military quarters of the era and compared them to those of the camps. If the beds had no mattraces, it wasn't to make the prisoners sleep less comfortably, which would have had a negative effect on their productivity, but to fight typhus spreading lice, the main cause of death in the camps. If the quarters had no door at the entrance, it was for security and aeration reasons, not to make the desperately needed workers sick. I very much doubt that a room with dozens of prisoners needs a door, leave alone heating to keep it warm on the inside. If there had been a door, the prisoners probably would have left it open to get in the fresh air. Anyone who has ever spent time in a classroom of 30-40 students would know that I'm telling the truth.

This leads to the question why an intelligent and knowledgable man like Jim Stone would make such obviously wrong claims about the conditions in the German concentration camps, together with all sorts of other propaganda lies about Adolf Hitler. Why would he present such a weak argument against the extermination claims while spending so much effort on describing how awful the prisoners living conditions supposedly were? Jim Stone mentions in his article how the Jews were given lighter work work like build radios due to their higher intelligence. Is it just me who thinks that makes him sound like a supremacist Jew, or at least someone whose lifelihood depends on sucking up to them? But why would he then shift blame away from the U.S.government to 'Israel', the way Jim Stone is shifting blame for the Fukushima disaster away from the American HAARP system to Israeli mininukes? And why would he make any suggestions that there might be anything wrong with the official 'Jewish Holocaust' claims?

The answer is disinformation. It's one of the oldest tricks in the lawyer toolbox to defend a client by accusing someone else, preferably someone who is friendly with or close to the defendant. They make the case too weak to get the falsely accused into real trouble, but strong enough to get the accused client off the hook. The United States and the Israeli government have been playing that game for years. Similarly, the "Hitler didn't want to exterminate the Jews" argument wasn't made strong enough to convince anyone who doesn't already disbelief the official narrative. The sole purpose was to trick people into thinking that he doesn't work for the American or the Israeli government and give him credibility as a dissident. You don't fool me, Jim Stone, If overpromised, anything, your underdelivered 'Hitler Report' has damaged your credibility even more than it already was by your unsatisfactory and childish responses to Andrew MacGregor's warnings and my efforts to either verify them or proof them wrong.

Related:

Andrew MacGregor: Joe Vialls, Ari, and Jim Stone in 'The mouse that roared'

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Jim Stone: A note to The Rebel

Andrew MacGregor: Just exactly who is Jim Stone?

<u>Jim Stone: It would be GREAT to be</u> <u>Joe Vialls</u>

Andrew MacGregor: "Joe Vialls was an awesome truther"

Recommended reading:

http://therebel.org/books/holocaust/

Recommended viewing:

http://therebel.org/vdeos/holocaust/

http://therebel.org/news/editorial/overpromised-underdelivered-jimstone-s-much-anticipated-hitler-report/

The hatred against Germans, against what is German culture, is still to this day defined by a religious mindset: Judaism versus Germanism. The latter begins with basics such as a rejection of the practice of genital mutilation of infants. Judaism is the mindset that remains forever at the primitive level through Talmudic dialectics instead of moving on to become civilised by adopting the Hegelian dialectic. Finally, Judaism is the rejection of living at one with Nature rather than against Nature where the emerging mindset is dictatorial and authoritarian when grasping and holding on to power but submissive and playing the victim when not. In essence it is the Master-Slave mentality objectified,

never realizing that this dialectic cannot ever liberate individuals from their own self-induced ignorance. The following World War One propaganda cartoon is typical of those who project their own pathology on others.



To this day anti-German hatred flourishes, and continues to flourish in the form of compulsory HOLOCAUST EDUCATION.

Think on these things:

U.S. Syrian War Propaganda Debunked And Destroyed http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B6gD1ZCl3mg
John McCain Owned By Syrian Woman At Town Hall Meeting http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GMBn0qzw2as
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